CICERO
AND THE ROMAN REPUBLIC

F. R. COWELL

with 56 illustrations in photogravure
and 15 Isotype charts
in colour



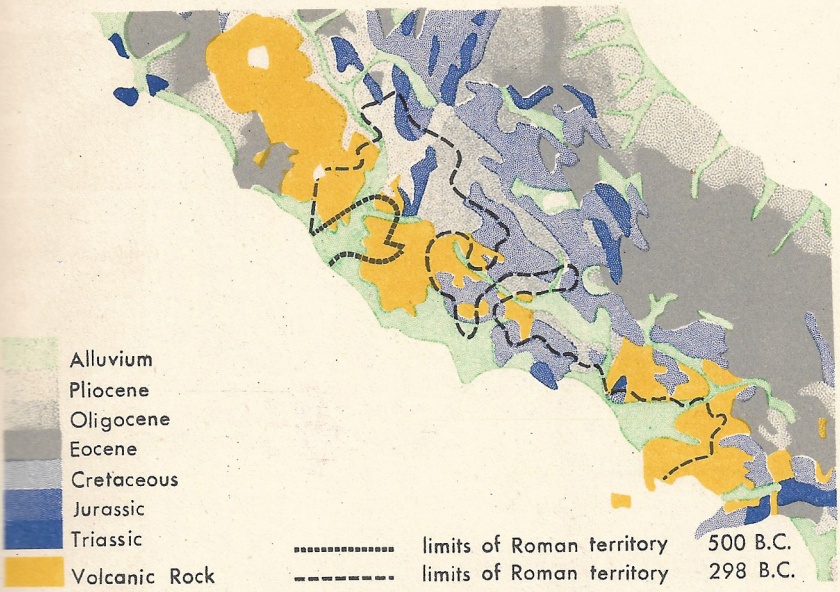
LONDON
SIR ISAAC PITMAN AND SONS, LTD.

PICTORIAL CHARTS IN COLOUR
designed by the Isotype Institute

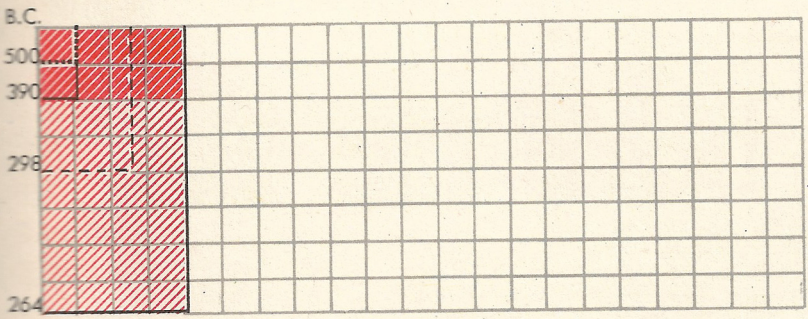
CHART		
I	The Geology of Central Italy The Growth of Roman Territory	*following page 66*
II	The Expansion of Roman Power in Italy	
III	The Growth of Plebeian Power in Rome	
IV	The Roman World in the Age of Cicero	
V	The Political Organisation of Italy	
VI	Rome's Near Neighbours and Allies, 298 B.C.	
VII	The Lost Literature of Rome	
VIII	The Expansion of Roman Power in the Mediterranean	*following page 210*
IX	Conjectural Composition of the Roman Army in the Heroic Age of the Republic	
X	A Legion in Battle Order—Heroic Age	
XI	Conjectural Composition of the Roman Army in the Age of Cicero	
XII	A Legion in Battle Order—Age of Cicero	
XIII	The Machinery of Government in Rome, 150 B.C.	
XIV	The Machinery of Government under Julius Caesar, 45 B.C.	
XV	The Machinery of Government in Britain, 1948	

In addition, an Isotype map of Italy in Cicero's time will be found on page 97

The Geology of Central Italy



The Growth of Roman Territory

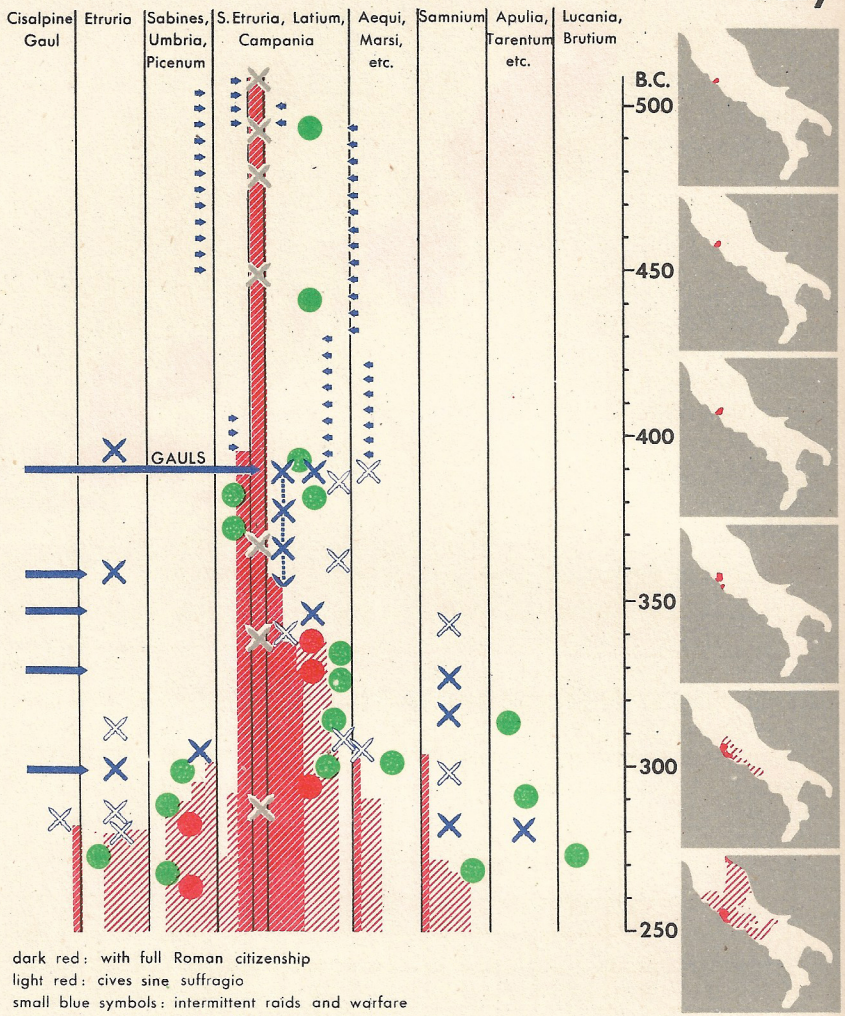


Each square represents 300 square miles
dark red : area of full Roman citizenship
light red : area of cives sine suffragio
large rectangle : total area of Italy, excluding Cisalpine Gaul

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CHART II

The Expansion of Roman Power in Italy

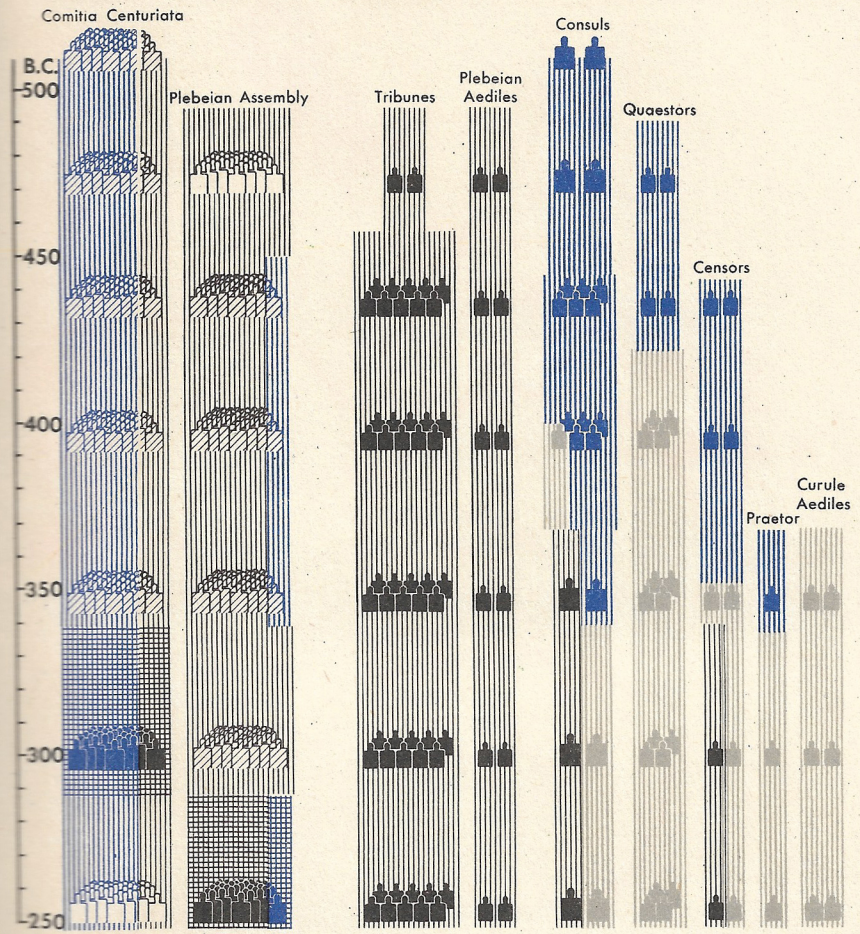


dark red: with full Roman citizenship
light red: cives sine suffragio
small blue symbols: intermittent raids and warfare
outline blue swords: wars of 1-4 years duration
full blue swords: wars of 5 years and over
connected blue symbols: one symbol for each 10 years of war
blue arrows: invasions of Gauls
green circles: foundation of Latin colonies
red circles: foundation of Roman citizen colonies
grey symbols: important internal disturbances

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CHART III

The Growth of Plebeian Power in Rome

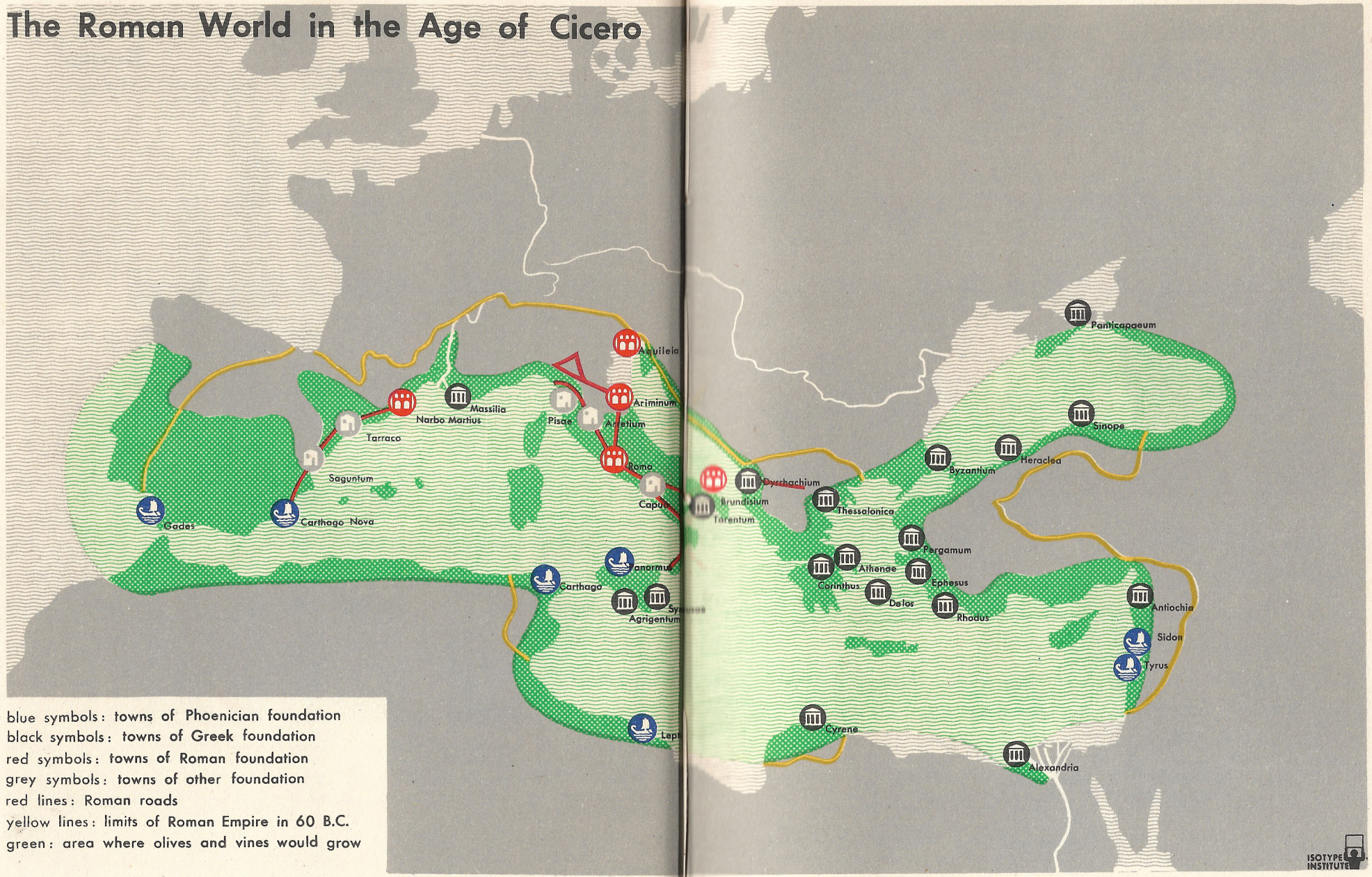


full colour: with full law-making power
light colour: with qualified law-making power
outline: with elective power only
blue: patricians
black: plebeians

blue: office reserved for patricians
black: office reserved for plebeians
grey: office open to both orders

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The Roman World in the Age of Cicero



blue symbols: towns of Phoenician foundation
black symbols: towns of Greek foundation
red symbols: towns of Roman foundation
grey symbols: towns of other foundation
red lines: Roman roads
yellow lines: limits of Roman Empire in 60 B.C.
green: area where olives and vines would grow

CHART V

The Political Organisation of Italy 338 – 90 B.C.

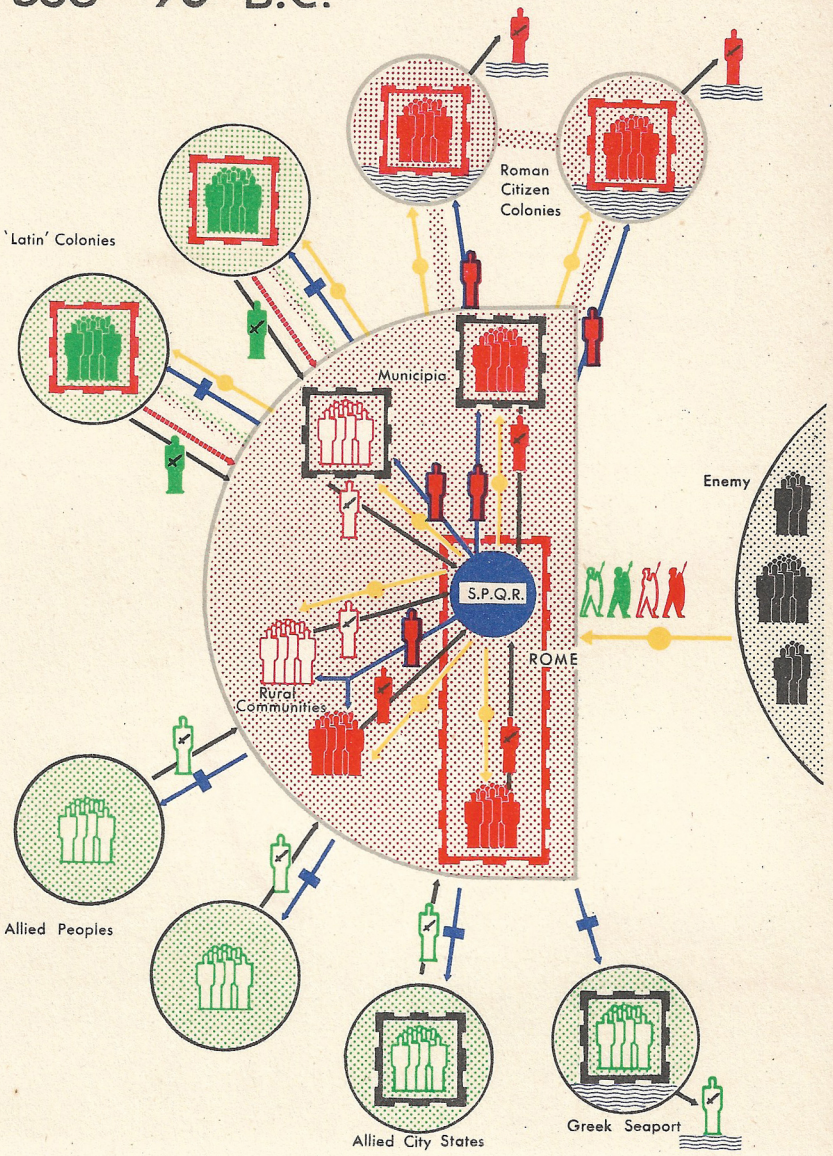


CHART V

The Political Organisation of Italy 338 – 90 B.C.

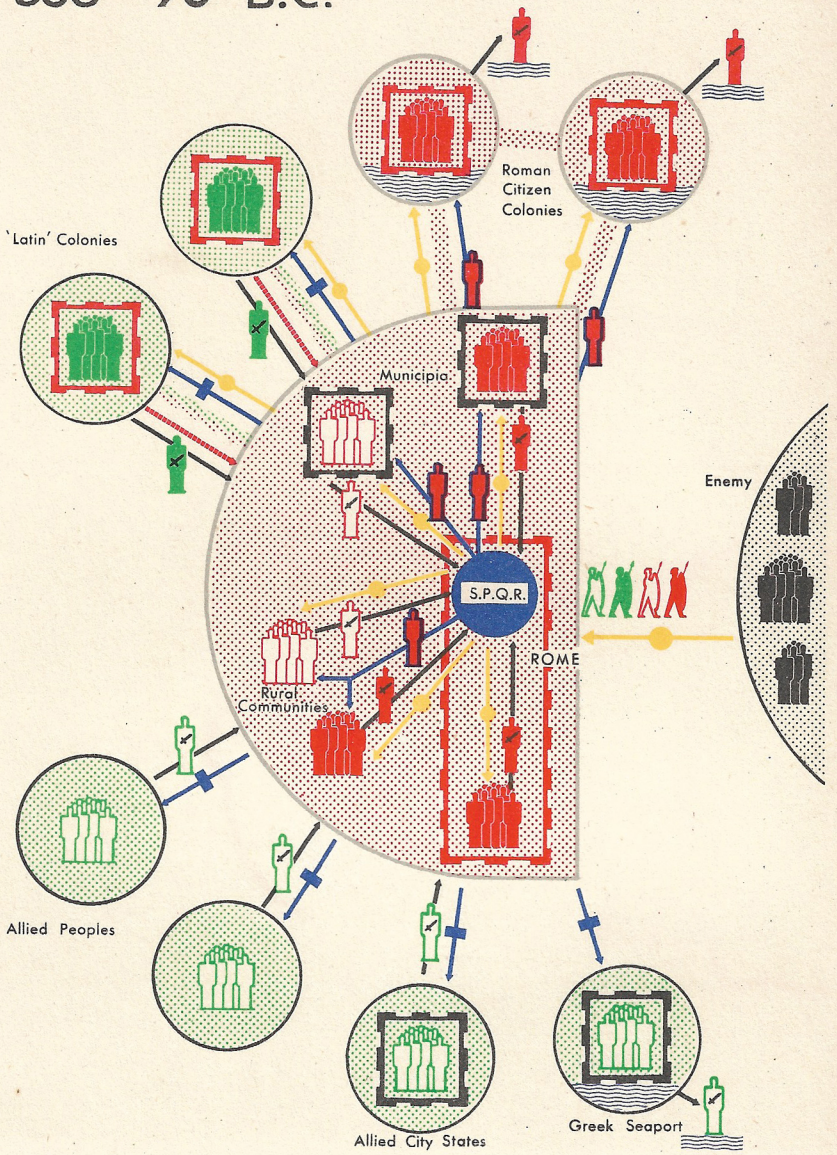
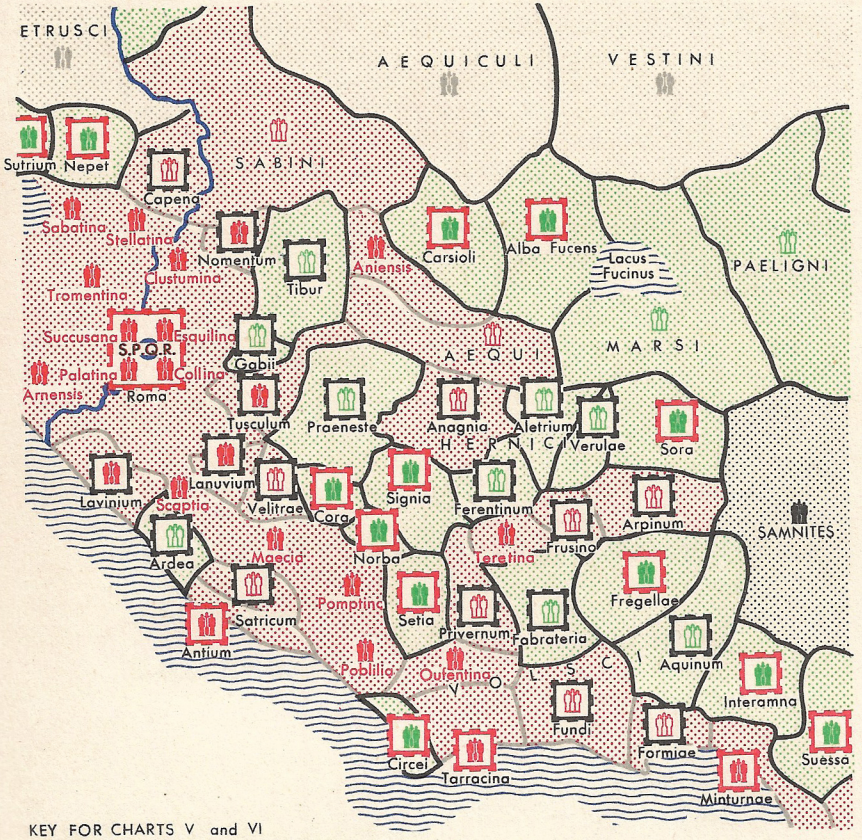


CHART VI

Rome's Near Neighbours and Allies 298 B.C.



KEY FOR CHARTS V and VI

full red figures: Roman citizens with vote - cives Romani
outline red figures: Roman citizens without vote - cives sine suffragio
full green figures: 'Latin' allies - socii Latini nominis
outline green figures: other allies - socii
red walls: colony or city of Roman foundation. with green figures: 'Latin' colony. with red figures: Roman citizen colony
black walls: city not of Roman foundation and without a colony

red names: Roman tribes
black figures: enemy

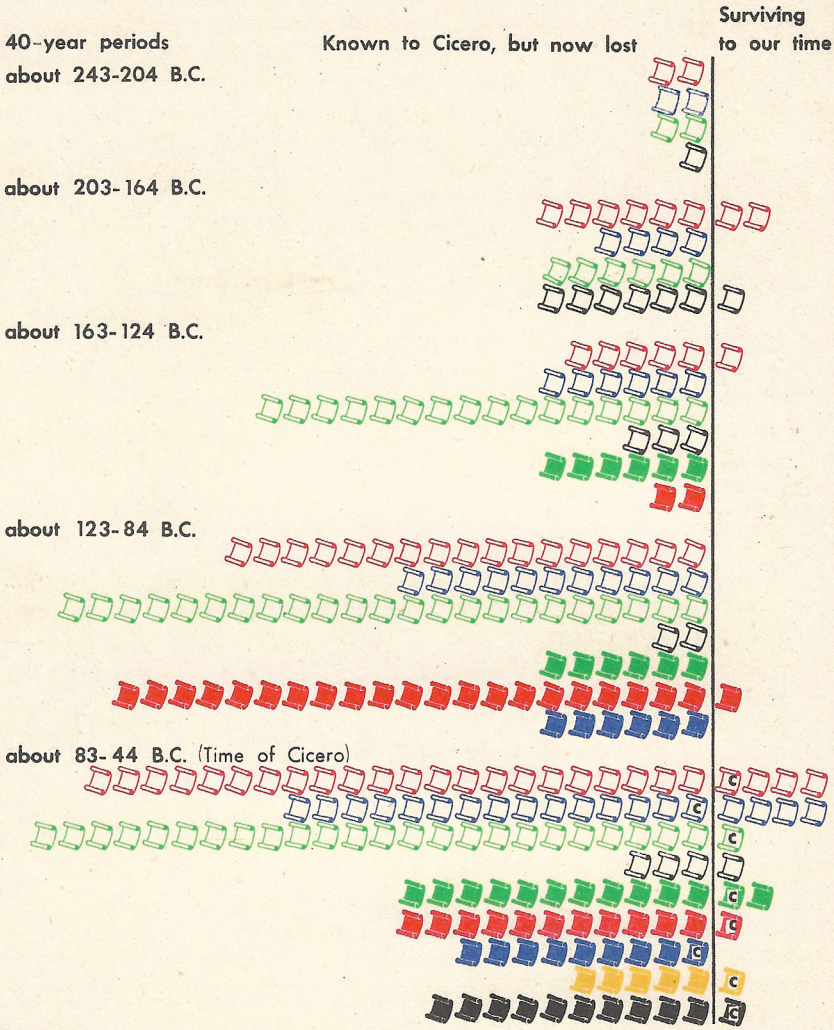
LINKS WITH ROME SHOWN ON CHART V:

blue tablet: official instructions
yellow symbol: booty and land declared 'public'
shading: areas between which trade and intermarriage allowed
broken red line: possibility of becoming a Roman citizen
men with swords: soldiers
red figures with purple outline: Roman officials
on water: guarding coast

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CHART VII

The Lost Literature of Rome



Each symbol represents the works of one author in a particular field of literature

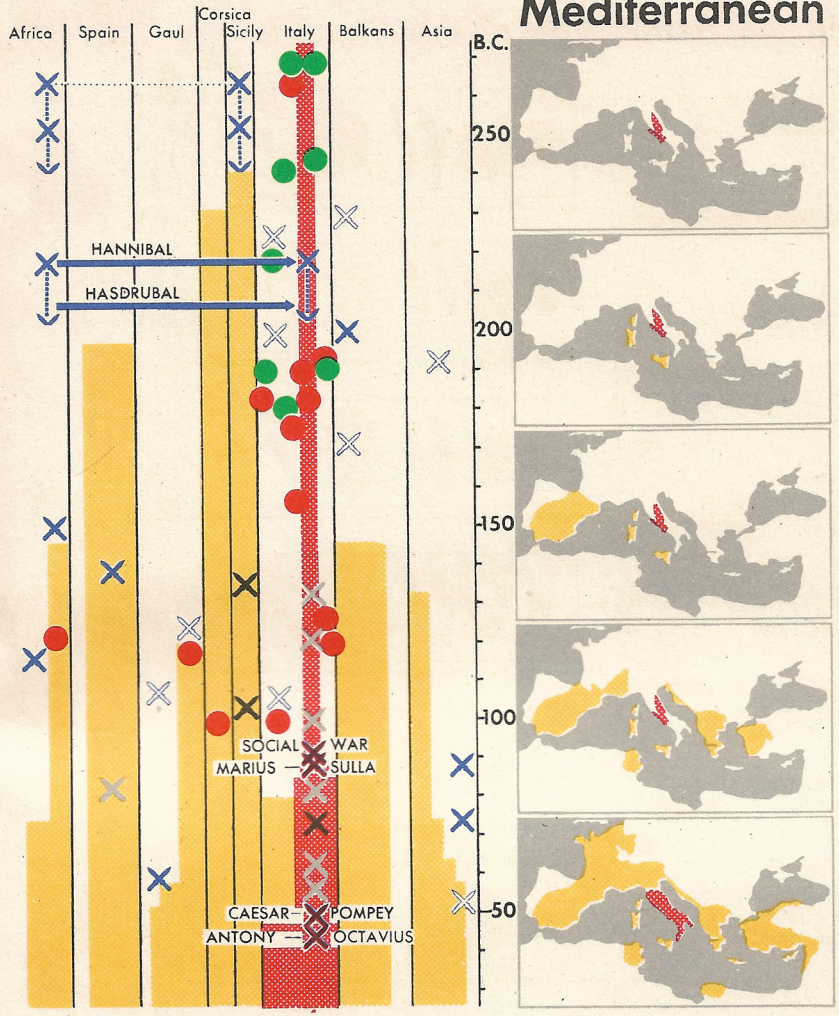
outline red: Poetry and Drama
outline blue: History
outline green: Oratory
outline black: Practical Manuals

full green: Law and Politics
full red: Literary and Scholastic
full blue: Autobiography
full yellow: Philosophy
full black: Religion

those with **c**: by Cicero

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The Expansion of Roman Power in the Mediterranean



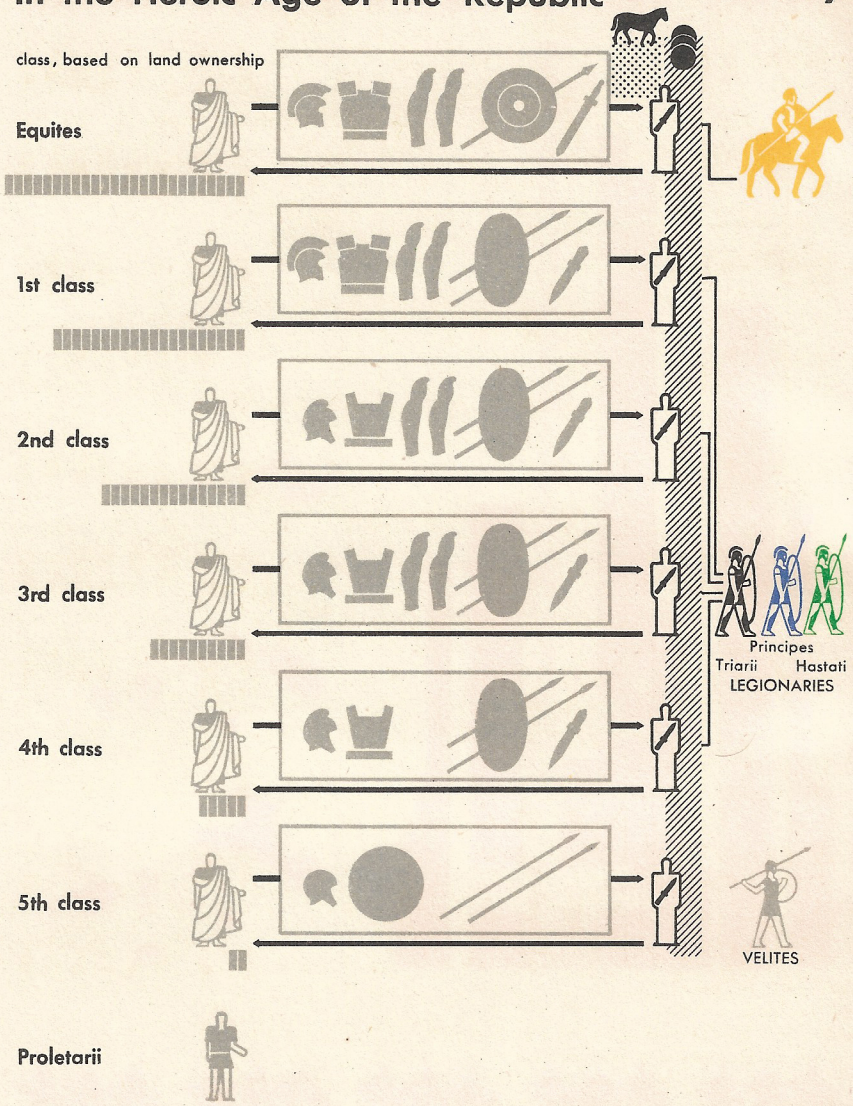
red: Roman territory
yellow: Roman provinces
outline blue swords: wars of 1-4 years' duration
full blue swords: wars of 5 years and over
blue lines: invasions, purple swords: civil wars, black symbols: revolts of slaves
grey symbols: other important internal disturbances
red circles: foundation of Roman citizen colonies
green circles: foundation of Latin colonies

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CHART IX

Conjectural Composition of the Roman Army

In the Heroic Age of the Republic

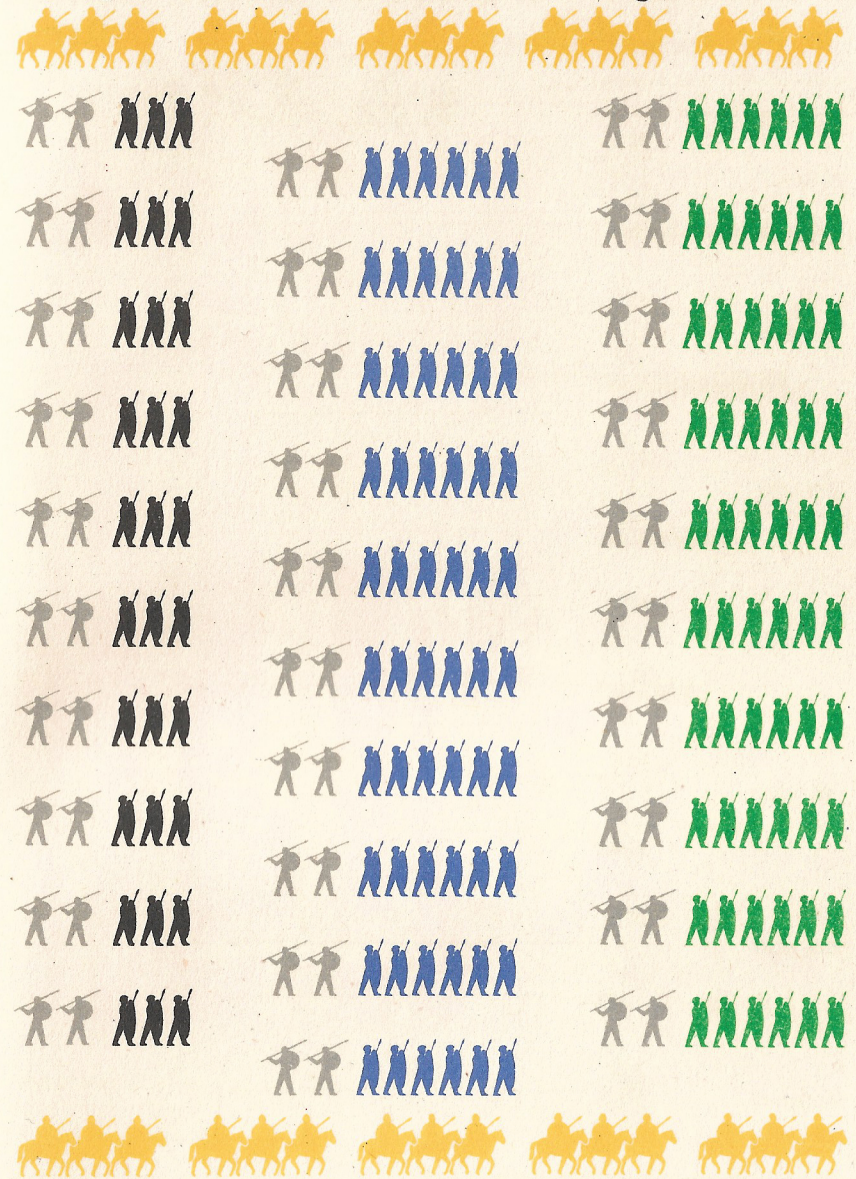


Each grey rectangle represents one jugerum of land
black arrows: compulsory enrolment and disbandment each campaign

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CHART X

A Legion in Battle Order – Heroic Age



Each horseman represents a line of 10 men Each foot soldier represents a line of 20 men

CHART XI

Conjectural Composition of the Roman Army
In the Age of Cicero

class, based on land ownership



Equites

1st class

2nd class

3rd class

4th class

5th class

Proletarii

LEGIONARIES

Each grey rectangle represents one jugerum of land
grey arrow: voluntary long term enlistment
outline circles: increase of pay introduced by Caesar

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CHART XII

A Legion in Battle Order – Age of Cicero



Each figure represents a line of 20 men

CHART XIII

The Machinery of Government in Rome, 150 B.C.

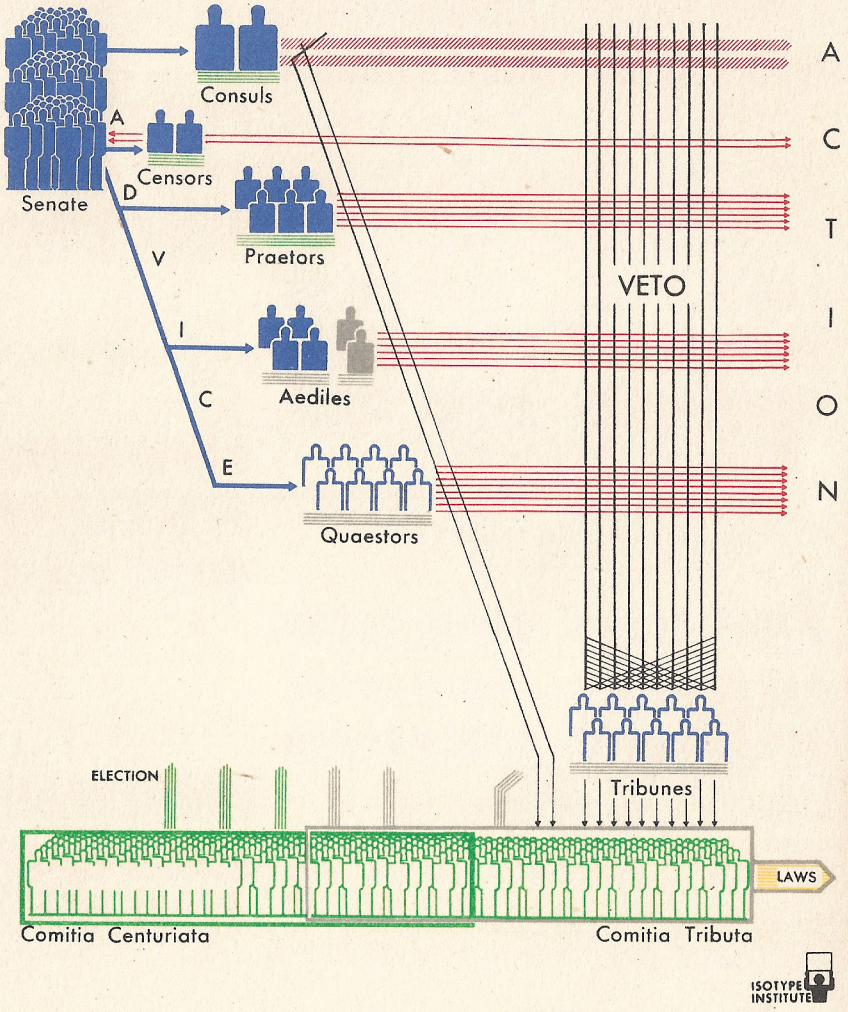


CHART XIV

The Machinery of Government under Julius Caesar, 45 B.C.

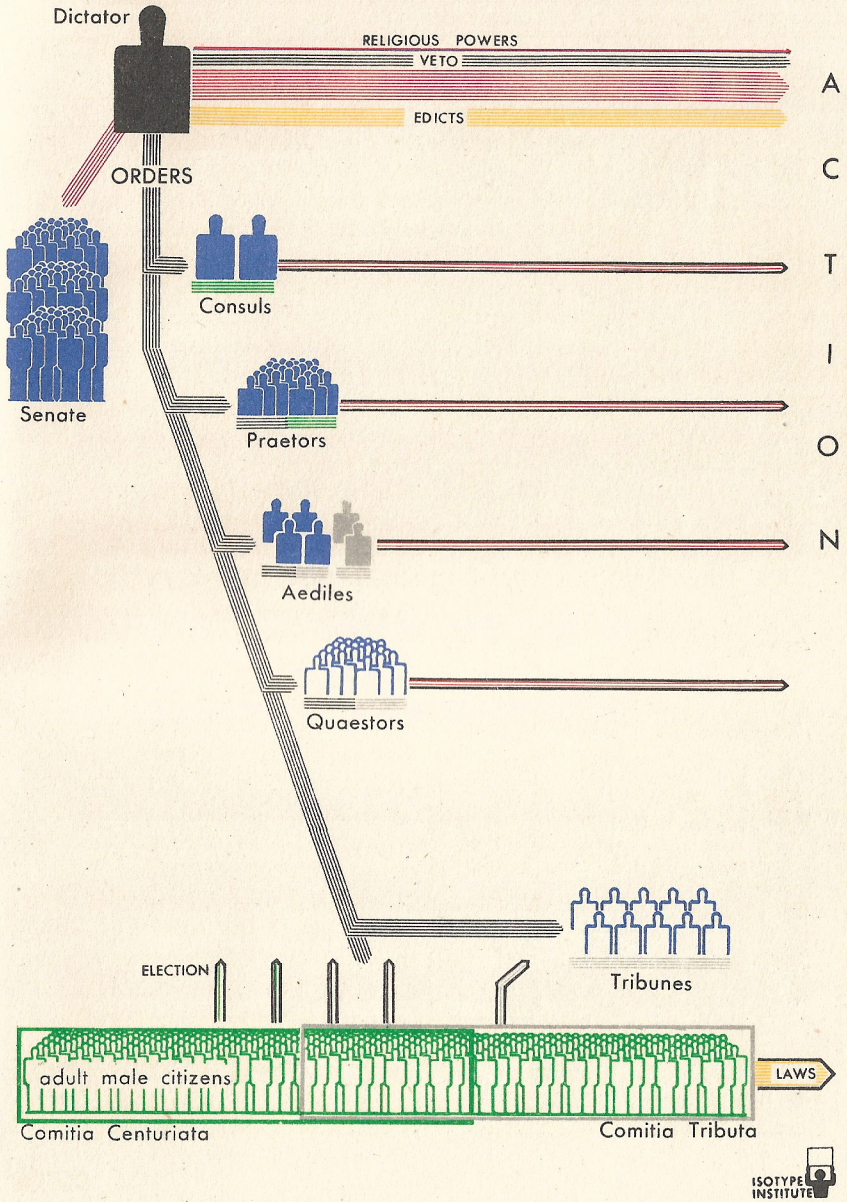


CHART XV

The Machinery of Government in Britain, 1948

